AGAR, TECHNICAL (7619)

Intended Use

Agar, Technical is a solidifying agent for use in preparing microbiological culture media.

Product Summary and Explanation

Agar is a phycocolloid extracted from a group of red-purple algae, usually *Gelidium* spp. Agar was first suggested for microbiological purposes in 1881 by Fannie Hesse.^{1,2} By the early 1900's, agar became the gelling agent of choice over gelatin because agar remains firm at growth temperature for many pathogens and Agar is generally resistant to a breakdown by bacterial enzymes. The use of agar in microbiological media significantly contributed to the advance of microbiology, paving the way to study pure cultures.

Agar is a gel at room temperature, remaining firm at temperatures as high as 65°C.³ Agar melts at approximately 85 - 91°C, a different temperature from solidification at 34 - 36°C. This property is known as hysteresis. Agar is generally resistant to shear forces; however, different agar may have different gel strengths or degrees of stiffness.

Specifications for Agar, Technical include good clarity, controlled gelation temperature, controlled melting temperature, good diffusion characteristics, absence of toxic bacterial inhibitors, and the absence of metabolically useful minerals such as calcium and magnesium. Agar, Technical is recommended as a general purpose agar for preparing microbiological culture media.

Principles of the Procedure

Agar is typically used in a final concentration of 1 - 2% for solidifying culture media. Smaller quantities (0.05 - 0.5%) are used in media for motility studies (0.5% w/v), growth of anaerobes (0.1%) and microaerophiles.³

Precaution

1. For Laboratory Use.

Quality Control Specifications

Dehydrated Appearance: Powder is granular, homogeneous, free-flowing and creamy white beige.

Prepared Appearance (1.5% wt/vol): Prepared medium is very light to medium beige slightly opalescent.

pH (2% Solution at 25°C): 6.0 - 7.5

Gel Strength: 550 - 900 g/cm²

Expected Cultural Response: Cultural response on Peptone Agar after incubation at 35°C for 18 - 24

hours incubation.

| Microorganism | Response |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922 | good to excellent growth |
| Staphylococcus aureus ATCC® 25923 | fair to good growth |

Test Procedure

Refer to appropriate references for specific procedures using bacteriological grades of agar.

Results

Refer to appropriate references for test results.

Storage

Store sealed container of Agar, Technical at 2 - 30°C. Once opened and recapped, place container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light by keeping container tightly closed.

Expiration

Refer to expiration date stamped on container. Agar, Technical should be discarded if not free flowing, or if the appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to Agar, Technical in its intact container when stored as directed.

Packaging

| Agar, Technical | Code No. | 7619A | 500 g |
|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|
| | | 7619B | 2 kg |
| | | 7619C | 10 kg |

References

- Hesse, W. 1894. Uber die quantitative Bestimmung der in der Luft enthaltenen Mikroorganismen. Mit. a.d. Kaiserl. Gesh. Berlin. 2: 182-207.
- 2. Hitchens, A. P., and M. C. Leiking. 1939. The introduction of agar-agar into bacteriology. J. Bacteriol. 37:485-493.
- 3. Selby, H. H., and T. A. Selby. 1959. Agar. In Whister (ed.). Industrial gums, Academic Press Inc., New York, N. Y.

Technical Information

Contact Acumedia Manufacturers, Inc. for Technical Service or questions involving dehydrated culture media preparation or performance at (517)372-9200 or fax us at (517)372-2006.