

ChromoCult® TBX Agar

Selective agar for the detection and enumeration of Escherichia coli in foodstuffs, animal feed and water.







Ord. No. 1.16122.0500 (500g)

(Tryptone Bile X-glucuronide) Agar

Selective agar for the detection and enumeration of Escherichia coli in foodstuffs, animal feed and water. The medium complies with the recommendations of ISO 16649-1+2, 2000.

Mode of action

The presence of the enzyme β -D-glucuronidase differentiates most E.coli ssp. from other coliforms. E.coli absorbs the chromogenic substrate 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl- β -Dglucuronide (X- β -D-glucuronide). The enzyme β -glucuronidase splits the bond between the chromophore 5-bromo-4chloro-3-indolyle- and the β -D-glucuronide. E.coli colonies are coloured blue-green.

Growth of accompanying Gram-positive flora is largely inhibited by the use of bile salts and the high incubation temperature of 44 °C.

Typical composition (g/Litre)

Peptone 20.0; bile salts No. 3 1.5; X- β -D-glucuronide 0.075; agar-agar 10.0.

Preparation

Suspend 31.6 g in 1 litre of demin. water by heating in a boiling water bath or in flowing steam until the medium is completely dissolved. Autoclave at $121 \degree$ C for $15 \min$. Cool to $45-50 \degree$ C in a water bath, mix gently and pour 15 ml in sterile Petridishes. pH: 7.2 ±0.2 at $25 \degree$ C. The prepared medium is clear and yellowish. If stored at +2 to +8 °C and protected from light plates or medium in bottles are stable for 4 weeks.

Experimental procedure

The pour plate or membrane filtration technique can be used to inoculate the medium.

Pour plate technique: Pipette 1 ml of a homogenate or appropriate 10-fold dilution into a sterile Petridish, add 15 ml of the medium (cooled to 45-50 °C) and mix gently. Fresh or raw samples: Plates are incubated at 44 °C for 18-24 h aerobically.

Membrane filtration technique: Filter an aliquot of a liquid sample through a Cellulose-mix-ester Membrane e.g. Gelman GN 6. Fresh or raw samples: Transfer the membrane-filter to ChromoCult® TBX agar and incubate at 44 °C for 18-24 h.

ISO 16649–1 membrane filtration technique: For the recovery of sublethally injured E.coli.

Resuscitation step: The membrane filter is transferred to Mineral modified Glutamat Agar (MMGA) and incubate at 37 °C or 30 °C for 4 h. After this resuscitation step transfer the membrane-filter to ChromoCult® TBX Agar and incubate at 44 °C for another 18-20 h.

ISO 16649–2 pour plate technique: Pipette 1 ml of a homogenate or oppropriate 10-fold dilution into a sterile Petridish, add 15 ml of the medium (cooled to 45-50 °C) and mix gently. **Resuscitation step:** For the recovery of sublethally injured E.coli, plates are incubated at 37 °C or 30 °C for 4 h. After this resuscitation step incubation is continued at 44 °C for another 18–20 h.

Results

E.coli colonies are blue-green (X- β -D-glucuronide reaction). Attention: β -Glucuronidase-negative E.coli strains (3-4%) form colourless colonies, e.g. E.coli 0157, or they cannot grow at elevated temperature of 44 °C, e.g. E. coli 0157: H7.





Colour makes the difference.

Quality control using the spiral plate method

Test strains	Inoculum (cfu/ml)	Colony colour	Recovery rate
Escherichia coli DSMZ 502	10 ³ -10 ⁵	blue-green	≥ 70 %
Citrobacter freundii ATCC 8090	≥ 10 ⁵	-	≤ 0,01%
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 19433	≥ 10 ⁵	-	≤ 0,01%



Escherichia coli ATCC 25922



Escherichia coli DSMZ 502

Ordering Information

Product	Merck Ord. No.	Pack size
ChromoCult® TBX (Tryptone Bile X-glucuronide) Agar	1.16122.0500	500 g
GN6 Cellulose-Mischester- Membranfilter	PALL	
Mineral modified Glutamat Agar (MMGA)	1.09045.0500	500 g

Literature

International Standard ISO 16649-1+2: Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs – Horizontal method for the enumeration of presumptive Escherichia coli Part 1: Colony-count technique at 44 °C using membranes and 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl- β -D-glucuronide

Part 2: Colony-count technique at 44 °C using 5-bromo 4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-glucoronic acid (2001).

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